

INTERNATIONAL WOMEN'S DAY MARCH 8

KENSINGTON

Did you know?

The fact that Women's Day is celebrated on March 8th is strongly linked to the women's movements during the Russian Revolution (1917).

New Zealand was the first self-governing nation to allow women to vote.

In the first known campaign of its kind, the Egyptian Society of Physicians went against tradition by declaring the negative effects of female genital mutilation. This was in 1920.

Why 8 March?

19 March, the last Sunday of February, 15 April, and 23 February are among the key dates for the International Women's Day movement. But where, then, did the 8th of March come from? Ask Julius Cesar and Gregory XIII! Before the Revolution, Russia had not yet adopted the Gregorian calendar, introduced by Pope Gregory XIII in 1582 to mitigate the errors of the Julian calendar, which owes its name to the Roman emperor, who had chosen it 46 years before the birth of Jesus Christ. The Gregorian calendar is used today in the large majority of countries. In 1917, 23 February in Russia thus corresponded to 8 March in the other European countries. It's as simple as that!



Can you name these famous women? They all have one thing in common!

UPCOMING EVENTS!



March Friday 29th – 30th – 31st

Straw Y'all



Sat March 23rd 8:00 to 11:00
Longleaf Straw @ Pool Parking Lot
More information to come... e-blast

KENSINGTON

<https://www.kensingtonowners.com>

START NOW



1 PROTECT YOUR SKIN

Extended sun exposure is bad for your skin. Protect areas like the back of your neck or your face. The heat can also cause dehydration and heat exhaustion if you are not careful.



2 LOOK AFTER YOUR BACK

Hours of gardening can strain your back or cause damage to your spine. Use a kneeling stool to work close to the ground and a wheelbarrow to move heavy things.



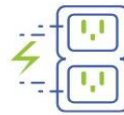
3 PREVENT POISONING

Prevent accidental poisoning by following instructions when using weed killers, adhesives and solvents. Never transfer to alternative containers that could confuse and lead to poisonings.



4 SUPERVISE CHILDREN

Reduce the risk of small children drowning by securely fencing or filling in garden ponds or water features and always supervising children near water.



5 AVOID ELECTROCUTION

Protect yourself from electrocution by always using a residual current device (RCD) when operating electrically powered garden tools and mowers



6 TAKE CARE WITH FIRES

Avoid uncontrollable fires by always siting bonfires and barbecues well away from fences, sheds and trees. Supervise children all the time and avoid burns.



7 TAKE CARE ON LADDERS

Use ladders with care and don't take unnecessary risks. Falling off a ladder can have serious consequences.



8 WEAR GLOVES

Wear gloves whenever handling soil, compost, toadstools, potentially harmful plants, fertiliser or pesticides and reduce the risk of getting Legionella, Tetanus or Sepsis.



7 Facts About Saint Patrick and Saint Patrick's Day

St. Patrick's Day commemorates the feast day of St. Patrick, the patron saint of Ireland, as observed by the Roman Catholic Church. St. Patrick passed away on March 17, 461 in Ireland. You may not have realized it, but he wasn't even Irish.

Saint Patrick wasn't Irish

Patrick's given name was Maewyn when he was born. He was born in the Roman Empire in Britain. At the tender age of 16, he was abducted and sold into slavery in Africa, before being transported to Ireland.

Saint Patrick was a Slave

His flight resulted in his conversion to Christianity in a monastery in Gaul (France). In 432, he returned to Ireland to serve as a missionary. While Christianity had already gained a foothold in the nation, legend has it that Patrick faced the Druids in Tara and forced them to abandon their pagan practices, so spreading Christianity even farther.

Saint Patrick is the patron Saint of Ireland

Saint Patrick rose to the position of bishop and, upon his death, was designated as Ireland's patron saint. The festivities in Ireland, on the other hand, were subdued. In fact Saint Patrick's Day was a dry holiday.

Saint Patrick's Day Parades started in America

When the Irish immigrated to the United States, they established the larger festivities and parades that are still celebrated today. The earliest St. Patrick's Day parades were staged in the eighteenth century by Irish troops who had served in the Revolutionary War. After emigrating to the United States, the festivities became a means for the Irish to reconnect with their heritage.

The Shamrock is a Symbol of St. Patrick

According to tradition, St. Patrick used the three leaf clover (also known as the shamrock) to teach the Trinity or the Holy Trinity to the people of Ireland.

Coloring the River Green

The practice of dyeing the river green began in 1962 when municipal authorities in Chicago chose to color a part of the Chicago River green.

The Origins of Corn Beef and Cabbage on St. Patrick's Day

Corn beef and cabbage is an Irish-American meal that remains popular today. Certain meals were out of reach for Irish Americans or Irish Immigrants since they were so impoverished. Their only option for St. Patrick's Day dinner was beef and cabbage, which they couldn't afford. It quickly became a tradition during the occasion. The meal originated on American soil in the late 19th century as Irish immigrants substituted corned beef for bacon, which was meat of choice in the homeland.

Paddy was walking through customs at the airport, carrying a large bottle. "What have you there?" asked a suspicious customs officer. Paddy replied, "T'is holy water from Knock Shrine. I am bringing it home from me pilgrimage." The officer took the bottle and tried some. "Why it's Irish whiskey," he spluttered. "Lord bless me," exclaimed Paddy. "Another miracle."



Article 7 what you should know

7.4 Vehicles: Parking. Vehicles shall be parked only in appropriate parking spaces serving the Lot or other designated areas, if any. No on-street parking, other than in connection with special events as approved by the Board of Directors, shall be permitted within the Community. All parking shall be subject to such rules and regulations as the Board may adopt. The term "vehicles," as used herein, shall include, without limitation, motor homes, boats, trailers, motorcycles, mini-bikes, scooters, go-carts, golf carts, trucks, campers, buses, vans and automobiles.

7.5 Leasing. Lots may be leased for residential purposes. Unless otherwise provided by the Board of Directors, all leases shall have a minimum term of at least six months. All leases shall require, without limitation, that the Occupants acknowledge receipt of a copy of the Declaration, Bylaws, use restrictions and rules and regulations of the Association. The lease shall also obligate the Occupants to comply with the foregoing. See new amendment on our web page.

7.8 Unsightly or Unkempt Conditions. The pursuit of hobbies or other activities, including specifically, without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the assembly and assembly of motor vehicles and other mechanical devices, which might tend to cause disorderly, unsightly or unkempt conditions, shall not be pursued or undertaken in any part of the Community.

7.13 Garbage Cans. Woodpiles. Etc. All garbage cans, woodpiles, swimming pool pumps, filters and related equipment, and other similar items shall be located or screened so as to be concealed from view from neighboring streets and property.

7.19 Lighting. Exterior lighting on any Lot visible from the street shall not be permitted, except for: (a) approved lighting as originally installed on a Lot; (b) one decorative post light; (c) seasonal decorative lights.

7.20 Artificial Vegetation. Exterior Sculpture, and Similar Items. No artificial vegetation shall be permitted on the exterior of any property.



How Cumulus & Thunder clouds are made...