



An Open Letter from Your KOA Board President

HOA bylaws are the internal operating rules for a homeowner's association, governing how the board is elected and managed, and how meetings are conducted, while CC&Rs (Covenants, Conditions, and Restrictions) are the external community rules affecting property use, such as parking, noise, and exterior modifications. Bylaws are legally binding and primarily focus on the HOA's internal governance, while CC&Rs are typically recorded with the property deed and are generally more impactful on residents' daily lives.

Can our HOA change Its CC&Rs? Short answer, YES. 7.1 Rules and Regulations. The Board of Directors may, from time to time, without a vote of the members, promulgate, modify, or delete rules and regulations applicable to the Community. Such rules and regulations shall be distributed to all Owners prior to the date that they are to become effective and shall thereafter be binding upon all Owners and occupants until and unless it is overruled, canceled, or modified by a majority of the total Association vote.

However, the process is not as simple as just replacing an old restriction with something else. CC&R modifications or amendments, typically, come as a result of certain circumstances:

- 1) <u>State laws have changed</u>, and such changes must be reflected in the CC&Rs. Otherwise, HOA would face a discrepancy between what it mandates, and what is provisioned by the law, after all. Some CC&Rs might have gone <u>out of date</u> due to various amendments to the law or changes to the way we live.
- 2) An HOA might also need to modify CC&Rs to address circumstances that didn't exist when the association was formed.
- 3) Finally, the association may decide to modify the rights and responsibilities of the HOA and its residents.

In short, the reasoning for proposing "modifications" must be reasonable and rational. Naturally, an HOA cannot change certain legal regulations only because it would suit certain board members. This is not the case! The goal is to correct "nonapplicable" copy such as "declarant," copy/spelling errors and to incorporate updated community ARC standards for today's home design trends.

For over two years I've, along with KOA Board members and several homeowners, have been making modifications to CC&Rs to include the bylaws. Over the last few months, I've sent out information regard these changes "It's Time." Soon you will receive an e-mailed copy of these proposed modifications. This initial release is for you to read over the changes made by the Board. To be clear these modifications will supersede all 1999 copy points, these changes are meant to clean up and to enhance the KOA document.

Once a vote is taken, and <u>if passed</u>, these modifications shall be effective only upon being recorded in the records of the Clerk of Superior Court of Douglas County, Georgia (the intended timeline is January 1st, 2026) and shall supersede current copy and be enforceable. This is a member supported action. **Daniel**



Come hear what's brewing, we'll need a majority vote to pass these modifications.

The General Meeting is set for November 9th, 1:00 @ the tennis court (rain date 16th).

Prior to the GM you will be emailed the Modifications. If passed they will begin January 1, 2026.



If you cannot attend and would like a PROXY form, send me an email betdnl@gmail.com

Are you Community-Oriented?

We need YOU!

- Can you prioritize our community's overall well-being
- Are you reliable and dependable
- Can you speak "neighbor-to-neighbor"
- Fair and Respectful



Your KOA Board: A Typical HOA Board Structure

An HOA board is a group of people whose role is to run the association. Typically, HOA boards comprise four core members - president, vice president, board secretary, and <u>treasurer</u> (YCR). Each of the board members is responsible for different aspects of the HOA: We need your help to make our community even better!

President: HOA president's responsibilities focus on overseeing the functioning of the association and decision-making. Typically, the president would have the <u>final say when deciding on various initiatives and projects.</u>

Duties:

- Overseeing the association's activities
- Decision making
- Presiding and running meetings

Vice-President: FACT: At first sight, the duties and responsibilities of a vice president might seem almost identical to what the president does in an HOA. The vice president will work closely with the president and often take over that role when the president isn't present.

Aside from acting on the president's behalf, the vice-president might be responsible for various projects and oversee specific areas of the HOAs operations.

Duties:

Acting on behalf of the president when the president is either away or unable to focus on their regular duties

Secretary: The HOA secretary handles all the documentation within the association. This might include managing all the HOAs documents, communicating with other board members and the residents, updating records, submitting forms, taking minutes.

The secretary would also notify the board and residents of upcoming meetings and record meeting minutes.

Duties:

- Overseeing the HOA's documents and records.
- Notifying about board meetings and recording the minutes.

Treasurer: We use a non-board member, "a paid Vendor" (YCR) that communicates with the Board.

Democracy must begin at home, and its home is the neighborly community.



The Kensington Homeowners Association is now accepting nominations for the upcoming Board elections on November 9th. This is your opportunity to take an active role in guiding our community's future.

Get involved—your voice and leadership matter to the future of Kensington!

Positions Open for Nomination

- President
- Vice President
- Secretary

Important Nomination Guidelines

- Please confirm that any person you nominate is genuinely interested in serving.
- Must be 18 or older

How to Submit a Nomination

To nominate yourself or another eligible homeowner, send an email with the following information:

- Full Name of Nominee
- Position Being Nominated For
- Contact info for the nominee: Address/Phone/email

Send nominations to:

Kensington Owners Assoc: Nomination

PO Box 568

Douglasville, GA 30133

or email: betdnl@gmail.com

Deadline for Submissions: All nominations must be received no later than 11:59 PM on October 31, 2025

Considering a Home Remodel Project? Source NARI (National Association Remodelers Industry)

	Homeowners Reporting Projects (000s)	Average Expenditure (\$)	Total Expenditures (Millions of \$)
DISCRETIONARY	7,329	16,554	121,325
Kitchen Remodels	2,483	16,383	40,674
Minor	1,919	7,084	13,592
Major	564	48,010	27,082
Bath Remodels	3,734	9,032	33,723
Minor	2,873	4,136	11,882
Major	861	25,377	21,841
Room Additions	882	27,131	23,926
Kitchen	86	39,408	3,406
Bath	164	20,704	3,405
Bedroom	278	17,607	4,903
Recreation	93	17,174	1,594
Other	495	21,472	10,618
Outside Attachments	2,282	10,082	23,003
Porch, deck, patio, or terrace	1,931	8,309	16,049
Garage or carport	473	14,716	6,954
REPLACEMENT	21,833	9,030	197,145
Exterior	8,245	9,862	81,312
Roofing	4,150	11,041	45,825
Siding	1,132	8,346	9,445
Windows or doors	3,946	5,610	22,135
Chimney, stairs, or other exterior improvements	926	4,219	3,907
Interior	7,247	5,638	40,858
Insulation	1,528	2,263	3,458
Carpeting, flooring, paneling, or ceiling tiles	5,472	4,570	25,007
Other major improvements inside home	1,292	9,592	12,393



Reasons to Cut Down a Tree

Safety Hazard:

A tree that is leaning, has a cracked or hollow trunk, significant damage, or is unstable poses a serious risk of falling and causing injury or property damage.

Disease or Decay:

Diseased trees can spread infection to other plants, while decaying or dead trees lose their structural integrity and can become dangerous.

Location:

Trees growing under power lines or in an undesirable location that obstructs growth.

• Invasive Species:

Invasive trees can harm native ecosystems and should be removed to prevent further spread.

Best Time of Year

Winter or Early Spring (Dormant Season): This is the most recommended time for tree removal because:

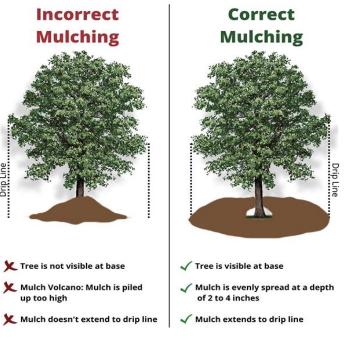
- Reduced Wildlife Activity: Wildlife is less active during these months, reducing the chance of disturbing nesting birds or bats.
- Easier to Work: The leaves have fallen off, making the tree easier to assess and handle.
- Frozen Ground: Frozen ground is firmer and less likely to be disturbed by the removal process, protecting your landscape.
- **Cost-Effective:** February and March are often the cheapest months for tree removal due to lower demand and less work involved.

When to Act Quickly

Immediate Danger: If a tree has suffered storm damage, has a severe crack, is leaning significantly, or is under

power lines, it should be removed as soon as possible. Consult a Professional!

7.10 Tree Removal: Before you cut a front yard tree check with the ARC. No trees that are more than four inches in diameter at a point 12 inches above the ground shall be removed from a Lot unless approved in accordance with the provisions of Article 6. However, no ornamental or flowering trees, including, but not limited to, dogwood trees, cottonwood trees, cherry trees or apple trees, regardless of diameter, shall be removed from a Lot unless approved in accordance with the provisions of Article 6.



Listen and silent are

spelled

with the

same letters.

Think about that.